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7	STATE OF W	ASHINGTON				
8	STATE OF WASHINGTON WHITMAN COUNTY SUPERIOR COURT					
9	ELSEVIER, INC., a foreign corporation,	NO. 09-2-00137-3				
10	Plaintiff,	WASHINGTON STATE				
11	v.	UNIVERSITY'S RESPONSE TO PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR				
12	WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY,	PRELIMINARY AND/OR PERMANENT INJUNCTION				
13	Defendant.	I DIGWINDING INCOME				
14	I. INTRODUCTION					
15	The Public Records Act [hereinafter PRA] "is a strongly worded mandate for broad					
16	disclosure of public records." Rental Housing Ass'n of Puget Sound v. City of Des Moines					
۱7	165 Wn.2d 525, 535, 199 P.3d 393 (2009) citing Hearst Corp. v. Hoppe, 90 Wn. 2d 123, 127					
18	580 P.2d 246 (1978). The PRA requires that "[e]ach agency, in accordance with published					
19	rules, shall make available for public inspection and copying all public records, unless the					
20	record falls within the specific exemptions of this chapter, or other statute which exempts					
21	or prohibits disclosure of specific information or records." RCW 42.56.070(1). The PRA's					
22	disclosure provisions must be liberally construed and its exemptions narrowly construed					
23	RCW 42.56.030.					
24	Pursuant to the process in RCW 42.56.540, Elsevier seeks to enjoin Washington State					
25	University [hereinafter WSU] from disclosing certain price list information and pricing					
26	adjustment terms [hereinafter price terms] from Elsevier's license agreements and amendments					

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with WSU. Elsevier appears not to dispute that the license agreements and amendments are public records. Elsevier asserts that the price terms are trade secrets and/or valuable formulae or research data and, therefore, exempt from disclosure under the PRA.

#### II. FACTS

On May 1, 2009, Dr. Theodore Bergstrom, an economics professor at the University of California Santa Barbara, made a public records request to WSU seeking the current and prior license agreements with the publishers Elsevier and Emerald. Nelson Decl. at 1-2. WSU provided notice to both publishers pursuant to RCW 42.56.540. Nelson Decl. at 2. The WSU license agreements with Emerald were disclosed as Emerald informed WSU that it would not be seeking an injunction. *Id*.

After failing to reach a compromise with Dr. Bergstrom, Elsevier filed this lawsuit and motion for preliminary injunction to prohibit WSU's disclosure of the price terms redacted in Exhibit 1 to Plaintiff's Proposed Order. Exhibit 4 to the Nelson Declaration contains an index to the responsive records to Dr. Bergstrom's public records request.

WSU contracted with over 30 major online publishers for access to over 63,000 online journal titles at a cost of over \$2,746,000.00 in 2008. Carroll Decl. at 2. WSU receives access to over 1,150 journal titles through its Elsevier ScienceDirect license agreement. *Id.* WSU will pay Elsevier approximately \$1,111,142.27 for its Elsevier ScienceDirect license agreement in 2009. Plaintiff's Proposed Order, Exhibit 1 at 6.

#### III. PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION

## 1. Issue: Whether the price terms are exempt from disclosure as trade secrets

Although WSU lacks sufficient knowledge of Elsevier's business plans and operations to adequately evaluate whether the price terms at issue are trade secrets, Elsevier's motion for preliminary injunction raises some concerns with regard to Elsevier's claim of trade secret. The facts and law do not support a finding that the price terms are trade secrets.

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The Uniform Trade Secrets Act [hereinafter UTSA], RCW 19.108, defines the term "trade secret" as follows:

"Trade secret" means information, including a formula, pattern, compilation, program, device, method, technique, or process that:

- (a) Derives independent economic value, actual or potential, from not being generally known to, and not being readily ascertainable by proper means by, other persons who can obtain economic value from its disclosure or use; and
- (b) Is the subject of efforts that are reasonable under the circumstances to maintain its secrecy.

RCW 19.108.010(4).

"The definition of a 'trade secret' is a matter of law under the UTSA, but the determination of whether specific information is a trade secret is a factual question." *West v. Port of Olympia*, 146 Wn. App. 108, 120, 192 P.3d 926 (2008), citing *Ed Nowogroski Ins., Inc. v. Rucker*, 137 Wn.2d 427, 971 P.2d 936 (1999).

"A trade secret must derive independent economic value from not being known to or generally ascertainable by others who can obtain economic value from their disclosure or use." Woo v. Fireman's Fund Ins. Co., 137 Wn. App 480, 489, 154 P.3d 236 (2007), rev'd in part on other grounds, 161 Wn.2d 43, 164 P.3d 454 (2007). A party claiming a trade secret must also provide proof that a rival company would want the alleged trade secret materials as well as the benefits the rival company would enjoy. See McCallum v. Allstate Prop. & Casualty Inc. Co., 149 Wn. App. 412, 425, 204 P.3d 944 (2009) citing Woo, 137 Wn. App at 489.

Additionally, "the party seeking to protect documents as trade secrets must show that it has made reasonable efforts to maintain the secrecy of the materials." *McCallum*, 149 Wn. App. at 425, citing *Woo*, 137 Wn. App. at 490.

The responsive records contain five license agreements and amendments: 1) Elsevier ScienceDirect (current agreement); 2) Elsevier ScienceDirect (prior agreement); 3) Elsevier Consult; 4) Elsevier Compendex; and 5) Elsevier Engineering Village. Nelson Decl. at Exhibit 4.

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Under the Elsevier Consult license agreement's terms, WSU agreed to "maintain the confidentiality of the pricing terms of this agreement." Plaintiff's Proposed Order, Exhibit 1 at 120-21. The other four license agreements, however, do not include this or a similar provision. Only the Elsevier ScienceDirect (prior agreement) contains pages marked "confidential." *Id.* at 88-115. Of these 28 pages marked "confidential," Elsevier is only claiming that pages 88-100 are confidential and protected trade secrets. *Id.* Since pages 101-15 do not include price information, it is not obvious why these pages marked "confidential" may have once been confidential.

Based on the text of the Elsevier ScienceDirect (current agreement), Elsevier Compendex, and Elsevier Engineering Village license agreements, Elsevier's efforts to maintain and protect the secrecy of the price terms is not readily apparent. The Elsevier ScienceDirect (current agreement), Elsevier Compendex, and Elsevier Engineering Village license agreements contain no provisions limiting WSU's ability to discuss the terms of these agreements with third parties or the public.

"To fall within the ambit of the trade secret exemption such information must be 'novel' in the sense that the information must not be readily ascertainable from another source." West v. Port of Olympia, 146 Wn. App. 108, 120, 192 P.3d 926 (2008), quoting Spokane Research and Def. Fund v. City of Spokane [Spokane Research], 96 Wn. App. 568, 578, 983 P.2d 676 (1999), review denied, 140 Wn.2d 1001 (2000) (internal quotation marks omitted). Conclusory statements alone are insufficient to establish novelty. Courts have required the party seeking to protect information as a trade secret to provide concrete examples to illustrate how its information was materially different from that of its competitors. See McCallum, 149 Wn. App. at 426; Woo, 137 Wn. App. at 489. Conclusory declarations alleging that if competitors were to gain access to the alleged trade secret protected information then the competitors would obtain an unfair advantage, are insufficient to establish novelty without concrete examples of how the procedures of the party claiming trade secret were

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materially different from those of its competitors. *See McCallum*, 149 Wn. App. at 426. Similarly, conclusory statements that the party claiming a trade secret devoted considerable time, manpower, and finances in developing the alleged proprietary documents is also insufficient without specific examples to support such conclusions. *See Id*.

In *Spokane Research*, while addressing whether a lease that had been assigned to the City of Spokane was a trade secret, Division III determined that "[a] lease is not inherently novel" and that "[s]ecrecy for [a] lease is not possible in the event of default because the lease will be disclosed." *Spokane Research*, 96 Wn. App. at 578-79. An executed license agreement is in many ways similar to an executed lease agreement.

In summary, for the price terms to be trade secrets, the court must find: 1) the price terms derive independent economic value, actual or potential, from not being generally known to, and not being readily ascertainable by proper means by other persons who can obtain economic value from its disclosure; 2) Elsevier has made reasonable efforts to maintain the secrecy of the price terms; and 3) the price terms are novel. Thus, based on the facts before the court, the court should find that the price terms in issue are not exempt from disclosure under RCW 19.108, the Uniform Trade Secrets Act, as an "other statute" under the PRA which exempts or prohibits disclosure of specific information or records. RCW 42.56.070(1).

# 2. Issue: Whether the price terms are exempt from disclosure under RCW 42.56.270(1) as valuable formulae and/or research data

The exemption for valuable formulae and research data provides:

The following financial, commercial, and proprietary information is exempt from disclosure under this chapter:

(1) Valuable formulae, designs, drawings, computer source code or object code, and research data obtained by any agency within five years of the request for disclosure when disclosure would produce private gain and public loss;

RCW 42.56.270(1).

The purpose of RCW 42.56.270(1) is to "prevent private gain derived from the exploitation of potentially valuable intellectual property created for public benefit." *Evergreen* 

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Freedom Found. v. Locke, 127 Wn. App. 243, 249, 110 P.3d 858 (2005), citing Progressive Animal Welfare Soc'y v. Univ. of Wash., 125 Wn.2d 243, 255, 884 P.2d 592 (1994).

Elsevier asserts that "public harm" may result from the unredacted disclosure of the WSU-Elsevier online license agreements because the public disclosure of Elsevier's pricing formulae could limit Elsevier's ability to accommodate the requirements of its large customers like WSU. Elsevier argues that an unredacted disclosure of its license agreements with WSU might cause Elsevier to change its business practices in a way that would cause Elsevier to offer less favorable pricing terms to WSU. WSU lacks sufficient knowledge to know whether the unredacted disclosure of the license agreements would result in public harm. Based on the scenario described by Elsevier in its motion for preliminary injunction, Elsevier will be the party that ultimately determines whether Elsevier will offer WSU more or less favorable terms in the future. Consequently, Elsevier will determine whether the public harm that it predicts will occur.

Elsevier relies on Evergreen Freedom Foundation and Servais v. Port of Bellingham, 127 Wn.2d 820, 904 P.2d 1124 (1995) to support its argument that the price terms are exempt under RCW 42.56.270(1). These cases are, however, distinguishable from the present matter before the court. The Servais court found an agency's cash flow analysis that was prepared for the agency's use in upcoming lease negotiations to be exempt research data under the prior version of RCW 42.56.270(1). The Servais court did not address whether the Port of Bellingham's executed lease agreements were exempt from disclosure.

In Evergreen Freedom Foundation, the court determined that portions of the Boeing 787 master site development agreement were exempt from disclosure under RCW 42.56.270(1). The agency withheld portions of the agreement consisting of "designs that reveal[ed] details of plans necessary to facilitate the 787 project." Evergreen Freedom Found.,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Prior to recodification in 2006, the valuable formulae and research data exemption was RCW 42.17.310(1)(h).

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127 Wn. App, at 249. The public loss sufficient to trigger the RCW 42.56.270(1) exemption in Evergreen Freedom Foundation was the viability of the entire master site development agreement involving the manufacturing of a new commercial aircraft model. Id. at 249-50. The public harm of losing the one-off agreement in Evergreen Freedom Foundation is considerably different from the possibility of less favorable pricing terms in future online journal subscriber license agreements.

In *Spokane Research*, Division III determined that, in addition to not being a trade secret, a lease was also not exempt under the valuable formulae and research data exemption because the lease did "not meet the definition of research data because it [was] simply a contract outlining the obligations of the parties." *Spokane Research*, 96 Wn. App. at 576.

Assuming, arguendo, that this exemption applied to the license agreements, it could only apply to records that WSU obtained within five years of May 1, 2009, the date of Dr. Bergrstrom's public records request. Thus, the Elsevier ScienceDirect (prior agreement), its first amendment, and the Elsevier Engineering Village license agreement, which were executed and obtained by WSU prior to April 30, 2004, cannot be subject to this exemption based on their vintage alone.

3. Issue: Whether the price terms are exempt from disclosure under RCW 42.56.270(11)

RCW 42.56.270 provides:

The following financial, commercial, and proprietary information is exempt from disclosure under this chapter:

(11) Proprietary data, trade secrets, or other information that relates to: (a) A vendor's unique methods of conducting business; (b) data unique to the product or services of the vendor; or (c) determining prices or rates to be charged for services, submitted by any vendor to the department of social and health services for purposes of the development, acquisition, or implementation of state purchased health care as defined in RCW 41.05.011;

RCW 42.56.270(11).

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WSU understands that RCW 42.56.270(11) only applies to vendor information submitted to the Department of Social and Health Services for health care purchases and, therefore, would not apply to this matter.

## 4. Issue: Whether Plaintiff has satisfied its burden for a motion for preliminary injunction

If the court finds that the price terms are public records exempt from disclosure as trade secrets or as exempt under RCW 42.56.270(1), WSU will have no basis to dispute Elsevier's proof of: 1) the additional elements required for injunctive relief under RCW 42.56.540 (disclosure would not be in the public interest and would substantially and irreparably damage Elsevier); 2) the standard for granting a preliminary injunction as described in Elsevier's Motion for Preliminary Injunction at 13; and 3) likelihood of success on the merits.

#### IV. CONCLUSION

The facts do not support a finding that the price terms are exempt from disclosure under the PRA as trade secrets and/or exempt under RCW 42.56.270(1) or (11). The court should, therefore, deny Elsevier's motion for preliminary injunction.

DATED this /7-th day of June, 2009.

ROBERT M. MCKENNA Attorney General

FRANK M. HRUBAN, WSBA No. 35258

Assistant Attorney General Attorney for Defendant

1	PROOF OF SERVICE				
2	I certify that I served a copy of this document on all parties or their counsel of record				
3	on the date below as follows:				
4	Sent via U.S. mail, postage prepaid, to:				
5	Arthur D. McGarry and Hillary A. Madsen				
6	OLES MORRISON RINKER & BAKER, LLP 701 Pike Street, Suite 1700				
7	Seattle, WA 98101-3930				
8	I certify under penalty of perjury under the laws of the state of Washington that the				
9	foregoing is true and correct.				
10	DATED this 17th day of June, 2009, at Pullman, Washington.				
11	Six M. Maas				
12	RITA M. HAAS				
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1	collection assessment; reviewing and approving licenses with vendors and publishers for		
2	electronic resources; and chairing the Collections Management Working Group.		
3	5. WSU has contracts with approximately 30 major online publishers for access to		
4	over 63,000 online journal titles at a cost of over \$2,746,000.00 in 2008. WSU receives access		
5	to over 1,150 journal titles through its Elsevier ScienceDirect license agreement. The Clinics		
6	on North America online journal titles from the Elsevier Consult license have been		
7	incorporated into the Elsevier ScienceDirect current agreement. The database, Compendex, is		
8	listed on a separate Elsevier license and is not part of the Elsevier ScienceDirect agreement.		
9	I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the state of Washington that the		
10	foregoing declaration is true and correct.		
11	DATED this <u>/6</u> day of June, 2009, at Pullman, Washington.		
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13	DIANE J. Canall		
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is attached to this Declaration as Exhibit 1. I acknowledged receipt of his request by email on May 4, 2009.

- 5. On May 7, 2009, I sent notice by email to Elsevier and Emerald that WSU would disclose the requested public records on May 26, 2009, unless they obtained injunctions. True and correct copies of the notices to Elsevier and Emerald are attached as Exhibits 2 and 3, respectively. A representative of Emerald informed me that Emerald did not have a problem with disclosure of the WSU agreements with Emerald to Dr. Bergstrom. I forwarded the responsive records concerning Emerald to Dr. Bergstrom on June 8, 2009.
- 6. On May 19, 2009, Elsevier requested additional time to determine whether an injunction would be necessary and to hire counsel in Washington. Based on this request for additional time, I extended the disclosure date of the Elsevier records to June 3, 2009. I further extended the disclosure date to June 10, 2009, based on a subsequent request for additional time by Elsevier.
- 7. The license agreements that are responsive to Dr. Bergstrom's public records request that WSU is prepared to disclose are described in the chart in the attached Exhibit 4.
- 8. On June 10, 2009, I emailed copies of the summons, complaint, motion for preliminary injunction, declaration in support of the motion for preliminary injunction, note for motion docket, and plaintiff's proposed orders (without Exhibit 1) to Dr. Bergstrom. I understand that Dr. Bergstrom acknowledged receiving these materials during a telephone call with my supervisor on June 11, 2009. A true copy of the email transmitting these records is attached as Exhibit 5.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the state of Washington that the foregoing declaration is true and correct.

DATED this 16th day of June, 2009, at Pullman, Washington.

LINDA A. NELSON

**UCSB** 

DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMICS U. OF CALIF, SANTA BARBARA SANTA BARBARA, CA. 93106

Theodore C. Bergstrom Aaron and Cheric Raznick Prof of Economics (805) 893-3744

tedb@econ.ucsb.odu Fax: 805-893-8830

May 1, 2009

Diane Carroll Head, Collections Washington State University Libraries PO Box 645610 Pullman, WA 99164-5610

Dear Dr. Carroll,

Per the Washington Public Records Act, RCW 42.56.010, I am writing to request the following information from your office.

Please send me an unredacted copy of the most recent contract and of the previous contract if such exists for bundled site licenses with the publishers Elsevier and Emerald. Either a pdf copy by email or a paper copy by mail would be satisfactory.

Also if any of the following information is not readily found on the contract, please answer the following questions:

- 1) What is the total amount that you paid the publisher in the first year of the contract. If the contract is for multiple years, what prices are built into the contract for subsequent years?
- 2) If the contract does not apply to the publisher's entire list, to which of its journals does it give access?
- 3) Can you cancel subscriptions from the bundle purchased, and if so, what is the formula determining the amount of money saved by such cancellations?
- 4) What happens to rights of access to back issues if you should not renew the contract?
- 5) Does the contract allow other benefits, such as free posting of publishers's pdf's of the works of authors from consortium institutions?
- 6) With what other institutions, if any, do you share each of these subscriptions.

Received

MAY 1 L 2009

Washington State University Procedures, Records & Forms If you have questions about this request, please contact me by email at tedb@econ.ucsb.edu or by phone at (805) 893-3744.

Sincerely,

Theodore C. Bergstrom

Professor of economics

University of California Santa Barbara

Subject: FW: Notice re Public Records Request 09-137 Disclosure

Date: Thursday, May 7, 2009 2:08 PM From: Linda Nelson <nelsonl@wsu.edu>

To: Ralph Jenks < jenks@wsu.edu>

----- Forwarded Message

From: Public Records Coordinator <nelsonl@wsu.edu>

Date: Thu, 07 May 2009 14:07:23 -0700

To: <a.chiaino@elsevier.com>

Conversation: Notice re Public Records Request 09-137 Disclosure

Subject: Notice re Public Records Request 09-137 Disclosure

May 7, 2009

### Via email only a.chiaino@elsevier.com

Mr. Adam Chiaino Elsevier Regional Sales Director P.O. Box 945 New York, NY 10159-0945

#### Via US Mail

Elsevier BV c/o Regional Sales Office 360 Park Avenue S. New York, NY 10010-1710

Re: Notice -- Public Records Request 09-137

Dear Mr. Chiaino and Elsevier BV:

The purpose of this letter is to notify you of an upcoming disclosure under provisions of the Public Records Act (RCW 42.56). Washington State University is in receipt of a Public Records Request from Dr. Theodore C. Bergstrom, Department of Economics, University of California Santa Barbara, Santa Barbara, CA 93106 seeking:

1. A copy of the current and immediate past contract, if it exists, for

bundled site licenses with Elsevier and Emerald; and (if not found in the records requested under No. 1 above) 2. Any existing WSU record (s) which may contain: (a) the total amount paid the publisher in the first year of the contract, (b) what prices are built into the contract for subsequent years, (c) to which journals does it give access, (d) can subscriptions be canceled and, if so, what the formula for determining the amount of money saved by cancellation, (e) what happens to rights of access to back issues if contract not renewed, (f) does the contract allow other benefits such as free posting of publisher's pdfs of the work of authors from consortium institutions, and (g) with what other institutions, if any, does WSU share each of its subscriptions.

The responsive records include documents that identify you and Elsevier by name and contain information about you and Elsevier. Specifically, several agreements, amendments, license agreements, etc.

WSU intends to provide copies of the responsive records to the requester on May 26, 2009.

As a person and entity identified by name in the records to be released, you may contact the requester to seek a revision to the request and/or you may seek an injunction from the Whitman County Superior Court. If the Superior Court finds that examination would clearly not be in the public interest and would substantially and irreparably damage any person, or would substantially and irreparably damage vital government functions, the Court may issue an injunction preventing disclosure. If you submit such a request to the Superior Court seeking to prevent disclosure, you might consider naming the requester as a party to the action in addition to WSU.

Please contact Linda Nelson at 509-335-3928, if you have any questions. Thank you.

Sincerely,

Linda Nelson for

Ralph Jenks

## \*Public Records Officer

Linda Nelson
Public Records Coordinator
Office of Procedures, Records, and Forms
P.O. Box 641225
Pullman, WA 99164-1225
509 335 3928
FAX 509 335 3969
nelsonl@wsu.edu

---- End of Forwarded Message

Subject: FW: Notice re Public Records Request 09-137 Disclosure

Date: Thursday, May 7, 2009 2:41 PM From: Linda Nelson <nelsonl@wsu.edu>

To: Ralph Jenks < jenks@wsu.edu>

----- Forwarded Message

From: Public Records Coordinator <nelsonl@wsu.edu>

Date: Thu, 07 May 2009 14:40:32 -0700 To: <mkonen@emeraldinsight.com>

Conversation: Notice re Public Records Request 09-137 Disclosure

Subject: Notice re Public Records Request 09-137 Disclosure

May 7, 2009

### Via email only mkonen@emeraldinsight.com

Ms. Margi Konen Key Relationship Manager **Emerald Group Publishing** 124 Mount Auburn St., University Place, Harvard Square, Suite 200N Cambridge, MA 02138

Re: Notice - Public Records Request 09-137

Dear Ms. Konen and Emerald Group Publishing:

The purpose of this letter is to notify you of an upcoming disclosure under provisions of the Public Records Act (RCW 42.56). Washington State University is in receipt of a Public Records Request from Dr. Theodore C. Bergstrom, Department of Economics. University of California Santa Barbara, Santa Barbara, CA 93106 seeking:

1. A copy of the current and immediate past contract, if it exists, for bundled site licenses with Elsevier and Emerald; and (if not found in the records requested under No. 1 above) 2. Any existing WSU record(s) which may contain: (a) the total amount paid the publisher in the first year of the contract, (b) what prices are built into the contract for subsequent years, (c) to which journals does it give access, (d) can subscriptions be canceled and, if so, what the formula for determining the amount of money saved by cancellation, (e) what happens to rights of access to back issues if contract not renewed, (f) does the contract allow other benefits such as free posting of publisher's pdfs of the work of authors from consortium institutions, and (g) with what

other institutions, if any, does WSU share each of its subscriptions.

The responsive records include documents that identify Emerald Group Publishing by name and contain information about Emerald Group Publishing. Specifically, a current and immediate past license agreements with WSU.

WSU intends to provide copies of the responsive records to the requester on May 26, 2009.

As an entity identified by name in the records to be released, you may contact the requester to seek a revision to the request and/or you may seek an injunction from the Whitman County Superior Court. If the Superior Court finds that examination would clearly not be in the public interest and would substantially and irreparably damage any person, or would substantially and irreparably damage vital government functions, the Court may issue an injunction preventing disclosure. If you submit such a request to the Superior Court seeking to prevent disclosure, you might consider naming the requester as a party to the action in addition to WSU.

Please contact Linda Nelson at 509-335-3928, if you have any questions. Thank you.

Sincerely,

Linda Nelson for

Ralph Jenks
Public Records Officer

Linda Nelson
Public Records Coordinator
Office of Procedures, Records, and Forms
P.O. Box 641225
Pullman, WA 99164-1225
509 335 3928
FAX 509 335 3969
nelsonl@wsu.edu

Licensor	Year	Agreement	Exhibit 1 to Plaintiff's Proposed Order Page Nos.
Elsevier-ScienceDirect	2006	Summary of terms of current license	1
Elsevier-ScienceDirect	2009	Sixth amendment	2-4
Elsevier-ScienceDirect.	2009	Fifth amendment-subscription list for 2009	5-14
Elsevier-ScienceDirect	2008	Second amendment	15-17
Elsevier-ScienceDirect	2007	First amendment	18-20
		Current license agreement with title list for	
Elsevier-ScienceDirect	2006-09	2006	21-62
Elsevier-ScienceDirect	2005	Third amendment	63-65
Elsevier-ScienceDirect	2005	Second amendment	66-68
Elsevier-ScienceDirect	2004	Amendment to terms	69-72
The state of the s		Prior license agreement with title list for	
Elsevier-ScienceDirect	2002-03	2002	73-115
Elsevier-ScienceDirect	2008	4 Vet clinic titles	116-118
Elsevier Consult	2007	License agreement for Elsevier Consult	119-123
Elsevier - Compendex	2008	Second amendment	124-127
Elsevier - Compendex	2007	First amendment	128-129
Elsevier - Compendex	2006	License agreement for Compendex	130-137
Elsevier-Engineering		License agreement for Engineering	
Village	2001	Village	138-144

Subject: Notice re Elsevier Records Responsive to Your Public Records Request 09-137

Date: Wednesday, June 10, 2009 12:35 PM
From: Linda Ann Nelson <nelsonl@wsu.edu>
To: Ted Bergstrom <tedb@econ.ucsb.edu>

June 10, 2009

#### Via email only tedb@econ.uscsb.edu

Dr. Theodore C. Bergstrom Department of Economics University of California Santa Barbara Santa Barbara, CA 93106

Re: Public Records Request 09-137

Dear Dr. Bergstrom:

Due to a pending court action related to your recent Public Records Request, WSU is unable to disclose the Elsevier records responsive to your Public Records Request 09-137 today.

Attached are copies of a Motion for Injunction filed by Elsevier. A hearing on the motion is scheduled for June 19, 2009. If your attorney is interested in speaking with WSU's attorney in this matter, please ask him or her to contact Frank Hruban, Assistant Attorney General, at (509) 335-2636.

The first installment, including responsive Emerald records, was mailed to you on June 8, 2009.

Please contact me at 509-335-2004 or Linda Nelson at 509-335-3928, if you have any questions. Thank you.

Best regards,

Linda Nelson for

Ralph Jenks
Public Records Officer

Linda Nelson
Public Records Coordinator
Office of Procedures, Records, and Forms
P.O. Box 641225
Pullman, WA 99164-1225
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FAX 509 335 3969
nelsonl@wsu.edu