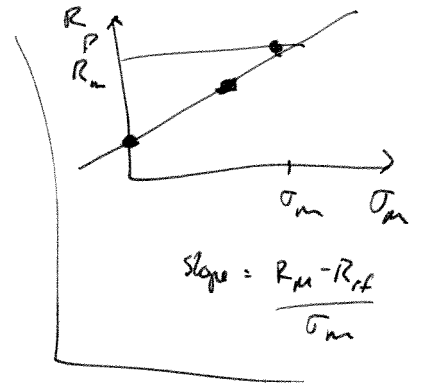
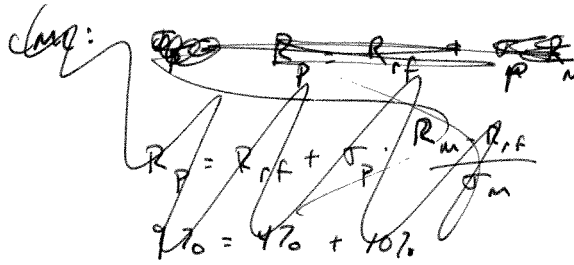


3. a).  $\sigma_A = 0$   
 $\sigma_B = 8.5$



For  $\sigma_M$ ;

Note  $\sigma_P = X \sigma_M$  X is % of put in Risky asset.

$X = .6$

$\sigma_P = 10\% = .6 \sigma_M \Rightarrow \sigma_M = 10\% / .6 = 16\frac{2}{3}\%$

b).  $\beta_{BM} = 1$       $\beta = \frac{\sigma_{PD}}{\sigma_M^2} = \frac{\beta_{BM} \sigma_M \sigma_B}{\sigma_M^2} = \frac{\beta_{BM} \sigma_B}{\sigma_M} = \frac{1 \cdot 8.5}{16.666} = .51$

c).  $R_M = 10\% = .4(4) + .6(x) \Rightarrow \frac{8.4}{.6} = x \Rightarrow x = 14\%$

EMRP:  $14\% - 4\% = 10\%$

SML:  $R_B = R_{rf} + \beta_B \cdot \text{EMRP} = 4 + .51(14) = 11.14\%$

From data  $\bar{R}_P = 3 \cdot \frac{1}{2} + 20 \cdot \frac{1}{2} = 11.5$ .

Gives a higher return than it "should". Underpriced.

shot a:

$\sigma_A^2 = .004$      $\sigma_B^2 = .007$      $\sigma_{AB}^2 = .0026$      $\beta_{AB} = \frac{\sigma_{AB}^2}{\sigma_A \sigma_B} = \frac{.0026}{\sqrt{.007 \cdot .004}} = .49$

$\sigma_P^2 = X_A^2 \sigma_A^2 + 2X_A X_B \rho_{AB} \sigma_A \sigma_B + X_B^2 \sigma_B^2$      $X_A = X_B = \frac{1}{2}$   
 $\sigma_A = 6$      $\frac{1}{4}(6)^2 + 2(\frac{1}{4})(6)(12) + \frac{1}{4}(12)^2 = 63$   
 $\sigma_B = 12$